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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	' ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/627,649	07/28/2003	Lena Edelman	02356.0083	4213
FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER LLP			EXAMINER	
			HORNING, MICHELLE S	
901 NEW YORK AVENUE, NW WASHINGTON, DC 20001-4413			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		x-	1648	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			07/11/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/627,649	EDELMAN ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Michelle Horning	1648				
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap		e correspondence address				
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING I Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perior Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply b d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS f te, cause the application to become ABANDO	ION. e timely filed rom the mailing date of this communication. DNED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status	•					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18.	<u> April 2007</u> .					
,	•					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims	•					
4) Claim(s) 35, 46,59,60,64-66, 68 and 69-90 is	s/are pending in the application.					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>35, 59,60,64-66, 68 and 85-90</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>46 and 69-84</u> is/are rejected.	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examir	ner.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) □ accepted or b) □ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre						
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the I	Examiner. Note the attached Of	fice Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig	gn priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	9(a)-(d) or (f).				
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
Certified copies of the priority docume						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the pr		eived in this National Stage				
application from the International Bure		and a				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)						
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 	4) Interview Summ Paper No(s)/Ma					
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Inform 6) Other:					

DETAILED ACTION

This office action is responsive to communication filed 4/18/2007. The status of the claims is as follows: claims 1-34, 36-45, 47-58, 61-63 and 67 are canceled, claims 46 and 69-84 are under current examination and claims 35, 59-60, 64-66, 68 and 85-90 are not examined because they are drawn to non-elected inventions.

The following objection or rejection has been withdrawn:

- Objection to the Specification. Correction made to the specification is acknowledged and accepted by the Office; and
 - 2. **35 U.S.C 103**. This rejection has been withdrawn due to claim amendments.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103-NEW

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to

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consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 46 and 69-84 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Aqeilan et al (1999), US Pat. # 6235872 (hereinafter as "Bredesen") Kim et al (1997), US Pat. # 6713280 (hereinafter "Huang et al") and Sela and Zisman (1997). The limitations of the claims are:

- A chimeric, bifunctional molecule comprising a molecule that targets and enters into the cell and a molecule that induces apoptosis via regulation of the PTPC;
- 2. The chimera comprising peptides as set forth in SEQ ID NOs: 239 and 269 and a peptide linker of 3 to 18 amino acids;
- A pharmaceutical composition comprising the chimeric, bifunctional molecule above; and
 - 4. wherein the chimeria comprises D-amino acids.

Aqeilan et al teaches a chimeric protein comprising an apoptosis-inducing protein, namely the human Bax protein for targeted therapy (whole document). While this prior art reference discloses a chimeric molecule with Bax to induce apoptosis for clinical purposes, it does not teach specifically teach either SEQ ID NOs: 239 or 269. Huang et al discloses a method of using peptides conjugates for the intracellular targeting of the Bcl-2; the peptides include the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 239 (see Table 2, column 10). Further, these peptides are utilized for inhibiting the anti-apoptotic function of Bcl-2 (see column 9, lines 29-42).

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Although neither of the references disclose the *tat* component set forth in SEQ ID NO: 269, Kim et al disclose the unique ability of HIV-1 *tat* to transport macromolecules into cells and the shortest *tat* region of amino acids necessary for functional translocation. This motif is RKKRRQRRR (see Introduction), a motif found in SEQ ID NO:269 as well as an exact sequence found in Table I (see claim 46 of the instant application). Kim et al also discusses the use of *tat*-conjugated proteins for the treatment of tumors and as a clinical utility (see Discussion). This reference discloses using a peptide spacer of a cysteine and three-alanines for conjugation of the chimera (see Methods). Of note, this is a peptide linker.

While Kim et al does not teach using a peptide *consisting* of that set forth by SEQ ID NO: 269, Bredesen does (paragraph 125 as SEQ ID NO: 52). This reference teaches linking this peptide to a number of proapoptotic peptides because this peptide is well known in facilitating cellular entry and this reference shows that this peptide does not alter the function of the peptide attached to the peptide defined by SEQ ID NO: 269.

The above references do not disclose peptide comprising D-amino acids. Sela and Zisman, however, state that "the inclusion of D-amino acids may be an advantage in terms of both specificity and efficacy, the latter because of longer persistence in an undigested for because they resist enzymatic degradation" (see abstract).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the methods taught by the above references in order to make a bifunctional, chimeric molecule comprising D-amino acids that enters cells and induces apoptosis. One would have been motivated to do so, as suggested by Aqeilan et al (1999), because killing

cells via the apoptotic pathway minimizes any tissue damage or systemic response (see Discussion). There would have been a reasonable expectation of success given the knowledge that elevations in Bax protein levels are induced in several clinically relevant settings where cell death occurs, including tumor cells during responses to chemotherapy and radiation, neurons following cerebral ischemia and myocardiocytes following acute mycocardial infarction (see Introduction in Ageilan et al). Further, Bredesen discloses successfully using the peptide set forth by SEQ ID NO: 52 for proapoptotic peptides without altering its function. Thus, the invention as a whole was clearly prima facie obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made.

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Conclusion

No claim is allowed because all elements are taught by the prior art.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michelle Horning whose telephone number is 571-272-9036. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8:00-5:00 EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Bruce Campell can be reached on 571-272-0974. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Michelle Horning

Patent Examiner

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